Fill in the circle before the correct answer.

1. What was the earliest form of self-government in the New England colonies?
   - a. House of Burgesses
   - b. Parliament
   - c. town meeting
   - d. Sons of Liberty

2. In response to the Boston Tea Party, the British passed laws known as the ______
   - a. Intolerable Acts
   - b. Townshend Acts
   - c. Stamp Act
   - d. First Continental Congress

3. A refusal to do business with a person, group, or country is ______
   - a. treason
   - b. an assembly
   - c. a revolution
   - d. a boycott

4. Which was a group of colonial volunteers who fought in times of emergency?
   - a. militia
   - b. delegate
   - c. burgesses
   - d. revolution

5. The first battle of the American Revolution took place at ______
   - a. Fort Ticonderoga
   - b. Boston
   - c. Bunker Hill
   - d. Lexington

Write the letter of the phrase that best describes each person.

6. ______ Patrick Henry
   - a. led the Green Mountain Boys in capturing Fort Ticonderoga

7. ______ John Adams
   - b. made speeches that inspired many colonists to fight for freedom

8. ______ Mercy Otis Warren
   - c. with William Dawes, alerted colonists that British soldiers were headed for Concord

9. ______ Paul Revere
   - d. a writer who encouraged colonists to give up tea and other goods from Britain

10. ______ Ethan Allen
    - e. agreed to defend the British soldiers involved in the Boston Massacre
CONTENT

Fill in the circle before the correct answer.

1. The "Olive Branch Petition" was sent to King George to _____
   a. declare war
   b. state the loyalty of the colonists
   c. declare freedom from Great Britain
   d. ask him to repeal the Stamp Act

2. The Continental Army was commanded by _____
   a. John Hancock
   b. George Washington
   c. Thomas Jefferson
   d. Ben Franklin

3. A person who turns against his or her country is a _____
   a. Loyalist
   b. delegate
   c. traitor
   d. patriot

4. Which European helped the colonists win the Battle of Saratoga?
   a. Thaddeus Kosciuszko
   b. Friedrich von Steuben
   c. Marquis de Lafayette
   d. General Burgoyne

5. Where did the last major battle of the Revolution take place?
   a. Yorktown
   b. Lexington
   c. Bunker Hill
   d. Trenton

Write the letter of the statement made by each person.

6. _____ Thomas Paine
   a. "We hold these truths to be self-evident."

7. _____ John Paul Jones
   b. "I only regret that I have but one life to lose for my country."

8. _____ Thomas Jefferson
   c. "I have not yet begun to fight."

9. _____ Benjamin Franklin
   d. "'Tis time to part."

10. _____ Nathan Hale
    e. "We must all hang together, or we shall all hang separately."
Fill in the circle before the correct answer.

1. The group of people appointed to help the President is called the ______
   (a) Cabinet        (c) Congress
   (b) legislature    (d) confederacy

2. An agreement in which each side gives up something is a ______
   (a) constitution   (c) political party
   (b) compromise     (d) ratification

3. The first ten amendments to the Constitution are known as the ______
   (a) Northwest Ordinance   (c) Articles of Confederation
   (b) Bill of Rights        (d) Preamble

4. Who is known as the Father of the Constitution?
   (a) George Washington     (c) James Madison
   (b) Thomas Jefferson      (d) Benjamin Franklin

5. In 1786 farmers in Massachusetts who could not pay taxes protested by taking part in ______
   (a) the Northwest Ordinance   (c) the Constitutional Convention
   (b) the American Revolution   (d) Shays's Rebellion

Write the phrase from the box that best completes each sentence.

- Constitutional Convention  New Jersey Plan  Articles of Confederation
- Great Compromise            Virginia Plan

The country’s first central government was set up under the (6) ______

This weak government resulted in conflicts among the states. A meeting known as the (7) ______ was held to discuss this problem. A plan known as the (8) ______ first suggested three branches of government. It also stated that representation in Congress should be based on a state’s population. Another idea, the (9) ______, suggested giving all states the same number of representatives. Parts of both plans were combined under the (10) ______